Maulana Abul Kalam Azad University of Technology, West Bengal

(Formerly West Bengal University of Technology)

Syllabus for B. Tech in Electrical Engineering

(Applicable from the academic session 2018-2019)

Semester-IV

Name of the course		**ELECTRIC MACHINE-I**	
Course Code: PC-EE-401		**Semester: 4th**	
Duration: 6 months		**Maximum Marks: 100**	
Teaching Scheme		**Examination Scheme**	
Theory: 3 hrs/week		Mid Semester Exam: 15 Marks	
Tutorial: 0 hr/week		Assignment & Quiz: 10 Marks	
Practical: hrs/week		Attendance: 05 Marks	
Credit Points: 3		End Semester Exam: 70 Marks	
Objective:			
1.	To review the concept of magnetic fields and magnetic circuits		
2.	To learn the principle of production of electromagnetic force and torque.		
3.	To learn the basic principle of operation of DC machine		
4.	To learn the principle of operation and characteristics of DC motor and generator		
5.	To learn the principle of operation, connections and different tests on Transformers		
6.	To acquire problem solving skills to solve problems of DC machines and Transformers		
Pre-Requisite			
1.	Basic Electrical Engineering (ES-EE-101)		
2.	Electric Circuit Theory (PC-EE-301)		
3.	Electromagnetic Field Theory (PC-EE-303)		
Unit	**Content**	**Hrs**	**Marks**
1	**Magnetic fields and magnetic circuits:** Review of magnetic circuits - MMF, flux, reluctance, inductance; review of Ampere Law and Biot Savart Law; Visualization of magnetic fields produced by a bar magnet and a current carrying coil - through air and through a combination of iron and air; influence of highly permeable materials on the magnetic flux lines.	3	
2	**Electromagnetic force and torque:** B-H curve of magnetic materials; flux-linkage vs current characteristic of magnetic circuits; linear and nonlinear magnetic circuits; energy stored in the magnetic circuit; force as a partial derivative of stored energy with respect to position of a moving element; torque as a partial derivative of stored energy with respect to angular position of a rotating element. Examples - galvanometer coil, relay contact, lifting magnet, rotating element with eccentricity or saliency	5	
3	**DC machines:** Basic construction of a DC machine, magnetic structure - stator yoke, stator poles, pole-faces or shoes, air gap and armature core, visualization of magnetic field produced by the field winding excitation with armature winding open, air gap flux density distribution, flux per pole, induced EMF in an	8	

	armature coil. Armature winding and commutation – Elementary armature coil and commutator, lap and wave windings, construction of commutator, linear commutation Derivation of back EMF equation, armature MMF wave, derivation of torque equation, armature reaction, air gap flux density distribution with armature reaction.		
4	**DC machine - motoring and generation:** Armature circuit equation for motoring and generation, Types of field excitations – separately excited, shunt and series. Open circuit characteristic of separately excited DC generator, back EMF with armature reaction, voltage build-up in a shunt generator, critical field resistance and critical speed. V-I characteristics and torque-speed characteristics of separately excited, shunt and series motors. Speed control through armature voltage. Losses, load testing and back-to-back testing of DC machines	7	
5	**Transformers:** Principle, construction and operation of single-phase transformers, equivalent circuit, phasor diagram, voltage regulation, losses and efficiency Testing - open circuit and short circuit tests, polarity test, back-to-back test, separation of hysteresis and eddy current losses Three-phase transformer - construction, types of connection and their comparative features, Parallel operation of single-phase and three-phase transformers, Autotransformers - construction, principle, applications and comparison with two winding transformer, Magnetizing current, effect of nonlinear B-H curve of magnetic core material, harmonics in magnetization current, Phase conversion - Scott connection, three-phase to six-phase conversion, Tap-changing transformers - No-load and on-load tap-changing of transformers, Three-winding transformers. Cooling of transformers.	12	

Text books:

1. Electrical Machines-I, P.S. Bimbhra, Khanna Publishing House (AICTE)
2. Electrical Machinery, P.S. Bimbhra, 7th Edition, Khanna Publishers
3. Electric machines, D.P. Kothari & I.J Nagrath, 3rd Edition, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing Company Limited
4. Electrical Machines, P.K. Mukherjee & S. Chakrabarty, 2nd edition, Dhanpat Rai Publication.

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Reference books:

1. Electric Machinery & Transformers, Bhag S. Guru and H.R. Hiziroglu, 3rd Edition, Oxford University press.
2. Electrical Machines, R.K. Srivastava, Cengage Learning
3. Theory of Alternating Current Machinery, Alexander S Langsdorf, Tata Mc Graw Hill Edition.
4. The performance and Design of Alternating Current Machines, M.G.Say, CBS Publishers & Distributors.
5. Electric Machinery & transformer, Irving L Koskow, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India

Course Outcome:

After completion of this course, the learners will be able to

1. describe the function of different components of magnetic circuit, DC machines and transformers
2. explain the principle of operation of different types of DC machines and transformers
3. solve numerical problems of DC machines and transformers.
4. estimate the parameters and efficiency of transformer.
5. determine the characteristics of DC machines
6. recommend methods to control output of DC machines.

Special Remarks (if any)

The above mentioned outcomes are not limited. Institute may redefine outcomes based their program educational objective.